

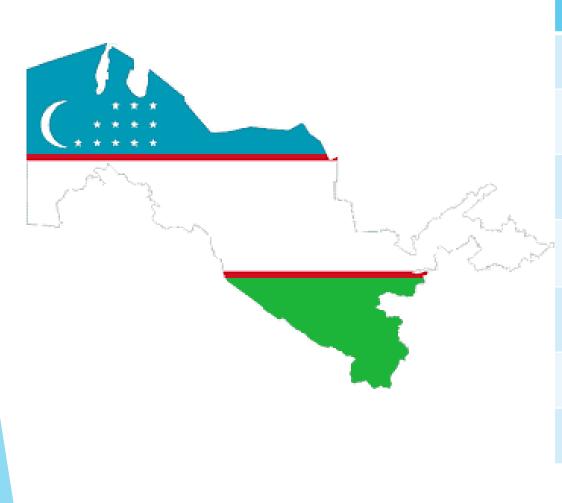
THE BANKING AND FINANCE ACADEMY OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

THE MOST IMPORTANT ECONOMIC CHALLENGES IN UZBEKISTAN

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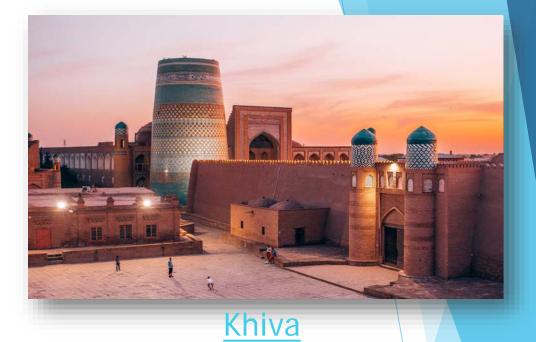
UZBEK ECONOMY



| Uzbekistan | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Population, million | 34.9 |
| GDP, current US\$ billion | 69.2 |
| GDP per capita, current US\$ | 1,983.2 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth, years | 71.7 |
| Area square kilometers | 447,400 |
| Currency | Soum |
| Language | Uzbek |
| | |









Number of tourist arrivals registered in Uzbekistan

| Receipts per tourist | % of GNP | Receipts | Number of tourists | Year |
|----------------------|----------|-------------|--------------------|------|
| 249 \$ | 2.8 % | 1.68 bn \$ | 6.75 m | 2019 |
| 246 \$ | 2.5 % | 1.31 bn \$ | 5.35 m | 2018 |
| 310 \$ | 1.3 % | 835.00 m \$ | 2.69 m | 2017 |
| 286 \$ | 0.67 % | 579.00 m \$ | 2.03 m | 2016 |
| 359 \$ | 0.80 % | 688.00 m \$ | 1.92 m | 2015 |
| 354 \$ | 0.82 % | 660.00 m \$ | 1.86 m | 2014 |
| | | | 1.97 m | 2013 |
| | | | 1.90 m | 2012 |
| | | | 1.39 m | 2011 |
| 124 \$ | 0.24 % | 121.00 m \$ | 975,000 | 2010 |
| 81 \$ | 0.29 % | 99.00 m \$ | 1.22 m | 2009 |
| 60 \$ | 0.22 % | 64.00 m \$ | 1.07 m | 2008 |
| 56 \$ | 0.23 % | 51.00 m \$ | 903,000 | 2007 |
| 77 \$ | 0.25 % | 43.00 m \$ | 560,000 | 2006 |
| 116 \$ | 0.20 % | 28.00 m \$ | 242,000 | 2005 |
| 218 \$ | 0.47 % | 57.00 m \$ | 262,000 | 2004 |
| 208 \$ | 0.47 % | 48.00 m \$ | 231,000 | 2003 |
| 205 \$ | 0.70 % | 68.00 m \$ | 332,000 | 2002 |
| 209 \$ | 0.63 % | 72.00 m \$ | 345,000 | 2001 |
| 209 \$ | 0.46 % | 63.00 m \$ | 302,000 | 2000 |
| 209 \$ | 0.60 % | 102.00 m \$ | 487,000 | 1999 |
| 206 \$ | 1.1 % | 167.00 m \$ | 811,000 | 1998 |
| 206 \$ | 1.3 % | 198.00 m \$ | 960,000 | 1997 |
| Ast | 0.11 % | 15.00 m \$ | 173,000 | 1996 |

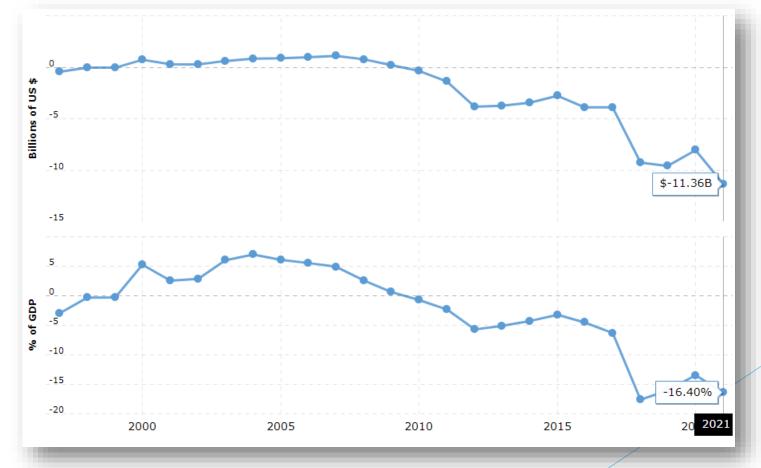
LANDLOCKED COUNTRY

The Republic of Uzbekistan is a doubly landlocked country. It is completely surrounded by other landlocked countries, namely Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, Afghanistan and Turkmenistan. Due to its geographic remoteness, country`s lack of direct access to the open sea, Uzbekistan faces the high transport and transit costs.



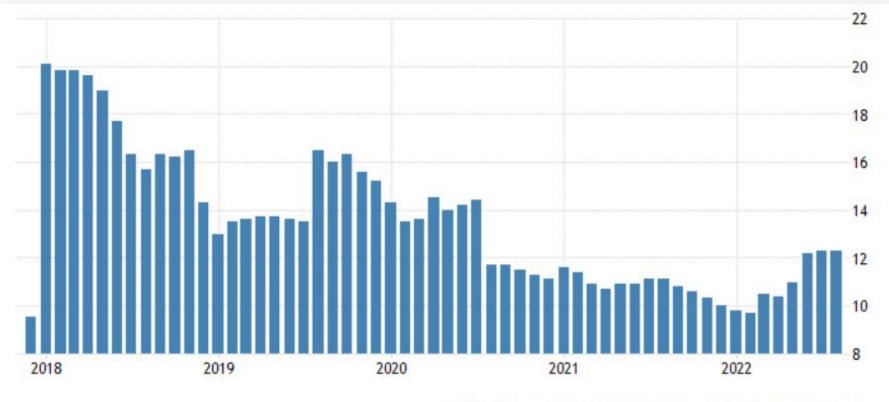
TRADE BALANCE

In Uzbekistan rate of import is measured as a higher than export rate therefor it is considered as trade deficit. Uzbekistan trade balance for 2021 was \$-11.36B, a 40.96% increase from 2020. Uzbekistan trade balance for 2020 was \$-8.06B, a 16.01% decline from 2019. Uzbekistan trade balance for 2019 was \$-9.59B, a 3.55% increase from 2018.



HIGH INFLATION RATE

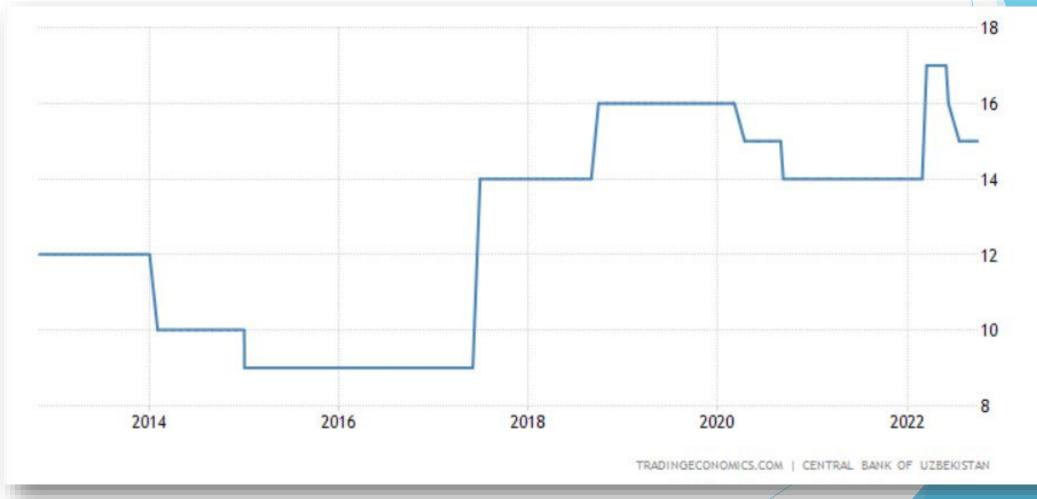
Inflation Rate in Uzbekistan remained unchanged at 12.30 percent in August from 12.30 percent in July of 2022. High inflation rate is causing several problem such as Money Loses its Value, Exchange Rate Fluctuations, Impact on the Cost of Borrowing, Increased Cost of Living.



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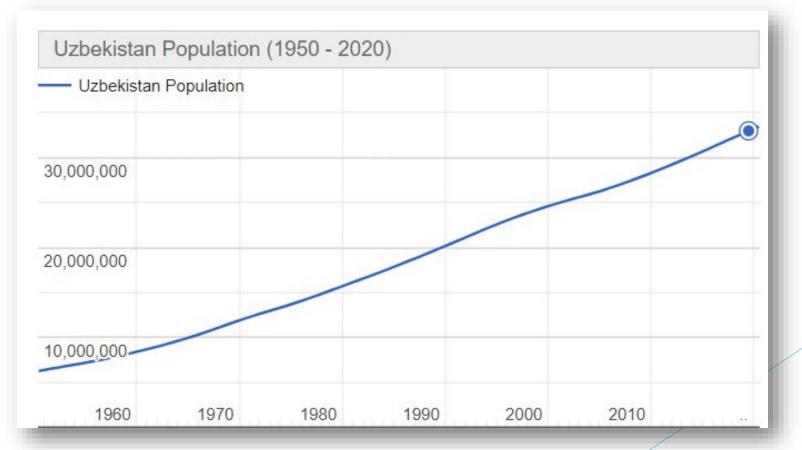
INTEREST RATE

The Central Bank of Uzbekistan kept its benchmark base rate unchanged at 15% during its September of 2022 meeting.



HIGH POPULATION GROWTH

Since the beginning of 2020, the population increased by 0.28% from 33,905,799 to 34,002,410. Being the largest country in Central Asia in terms of population, Uzbekistan shows rather a fast population growth. Since 2010, the population of Uzbekistan has been growing on average at 1.80% annually.



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

Unemployment refers to the share of the labor force that is without work but available for and seeking employment. Uzbekistan unemployment rate for 2021 was 7.16%, a 0.12% increase from 2020. Uzbekistan unemployment rate for 2020 was 7.04%, a 1.19% increase from 2019.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION