

Taxation of Government Bonds

Taxation of JGBs varies depending on the bondholder—e.g., resident individual, domestic

The MOF does not provide tax consultations.

For more information on national taxes, please visit the website of the National Tax Agency at

https://www.nta.go.jp

(1) Individuals (Residents)

A. Coupon-bearing bonds

Interest, capital gains and profits from redemption on coupon-bearing bonds are subject to separate self-assessment taxation at a rate of 20% (15% income tax + 5% local tax) (>) and profit/loss offset among them and listed stocks, etc. is allowed.

With regards to interest, taxes are withheld when a coupon is paid.

Other tax breaks, known as "Maruyu" and "Tokubetsu-Maruyu" tax-free saving schemes which provide tax exemption on interest income from JGBs, are offered to individuals with disabilities and certain other types of individuals.

In addition to the income tax, a special income tax for reconstruction (2.1% of income tax in principle) is imposed from 2013 to 2037.

B. T-Bills and STRIPS

Capital gains and profits from redemption on T-Bills (Treasury Discount Bills) and STRIPS (principal-only book-entry transfer JGBs and coupon-only book-entry transfer JGBs) are subject to separate self-assessment taxation at a rate of 20% (15% income tax + 5% local tax) () and profit/loss offset among them and listed stocks, etc. is allowed.

At the time of redemption, tax on net profits on redemption is withheld.

❖In addition to the income tax, a special income tax for reconstruction (2.1% of income tax in principle) is imposed from 2013 to 2037.

Fig. 2-27 JGB Interest Taxation System (for individuals)

Category	Type of income	Taxation
Coupon-bearing bonds	Interest (interest income)	 Separate self-assessment taxation Withholding at source upon interest payment (it has two options as below) Not to file final tax return (tax payment is completed only by withholding.) To file final tax return as income gain, etc. on listed stocks, etc.
		 ○ Tax exemption (only for the disabled, etc.) • Maruyu (Non-taxable interest income from small-sum deposits of the disabled, etc.) Maximum face value: ¥3.5 million • Tokubetsu-Maruyu (Non-taxable interest income from small-sum public bonds held by the disabled, etc.) Maximum face value: ¥3.5 million
	Profits from redemption (capital gain)	O Separate self-assessment taxation Paid by declaration as taxation on capital gains, etc. on listed stocks, etc.
	Profit from sale (capital gain)	
Discount Bonds (T-Bills and STRIPS)	Profits from redemption (capital gain)	Separate self-assessment taxation Withholding at source upon redemption
	Profit from sale (capital gain)	Separate self-assessment taxation Paid by declaration as taxation on capital gains, etc. on listed stocks, etc.

Note 1: The tax rates on the income above are 15% income tax (special income tax for reconstruction (basically 2.1% of income tax) is imposed additionally from 2013 to 2037) and 5% local tax.

Note 2: It is able to offset profit/loss among the income above and income from listed stocks, etc.

(2) Domestic Corporations

A. Coupon-bearing bonds

Interest, capital gains and profits from redemption on coupon-bearing bonds are counted as profits, and are subject to corporate tax and the *houjinzei-wari* local tax (municipal tax multiplied by a certain rate) (Public Interest Incorporated Associations or Public Interest Incorporated Foundations may be exempt from tax).

With regards to interest, taxes are withheld when the interest is paid. Financial institutions such as banks, and financial instruments firms and domestic corporations capitalized at 100 million yen or more may be exempt from withholding tax imposed on the interest income.

B. T-Bills and STRIPS

Capital gains and profits from redemption on T-Bills and STRIPS (principal-only book-entry transfer JGBs and coupononly book-entry transfer JGBs) are counted as profits, and are subject to corporate tax and the *houjinzei-wari* local tax (municipal tax multiplied by a certain rate) (Public Interest Incorporated Associations or Public Interest Incorporated Foundations may be exempt from tax).

With regards to profits from redemption received by General Incorporated Associations or General Incorporated Foundations (excluding Public Interest Incorporated Associations or Public Interest Incorporated Foundations), etc., taxes are withheld at the time of redemption.

(3) Nonresident Individuals and Foreign Corporations Coupon-bearing bonds, T-Bills and STRIPS

Interest, etc. on book-entry transfer JGBs (interest on book-entry transfer JGBs or profits from redemption of T-Bills and STRIPS) held by nonresident individuals or foreign corporations without a permanent establishment in Japan are exempt from tax under certain conditions under the tax exemption scheme as described in (4) below. Aside from such tax exemption scheme, if there is a tax treaty in effect between Japan and the country of residence of the nonresident individuals or the country where the foreign corporation is located, and the tax rate on interest stipulated under the treaty is set lower than 15%, the withholding tax rate on the interest, etc. from book-entry transfer JGBs will be lowered to match the rate stipulated under the treaty, provided that the relevant procedures have been completed.

In addition, for coupon-bearing bonds held by foreign corporations with a permanent establishment in Japan, the income tax is withheld, but the income tax withheld will be deducted from their corporation tax.

(4) Tax Exemption Scheme for Nonresident Individuals and Foreign Corporations

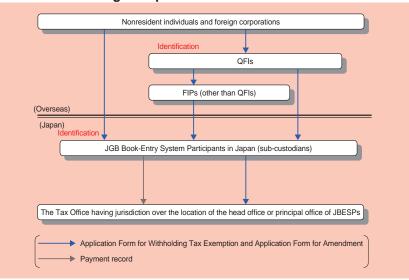
In order to secure smooth and stable financing at a time when large-scale JGB issuance is expected to continue, it is essential to have a deep, diverse investor base. Toward this goal, since September 1999, various tax schemes, including a tax exemption scheme for interest on book-entry transfer JGBs, have been introduced to enable nonresident individuals and foreign corporations to invest more easily in JGBs. Such schemes have been established with consideration given to fair and equitable taxation and are offered to nonresident individuals and foreign corporations under certain conditions.

A. Income Tax

Interest, etc. on JGBs (interest on JGBs or profits from redemption on T-Bills or STRIPS) held by nonresident individuals or foreign corporations (including trustees for Qualified Foreign Securities Investment Trusts and Foreign

Pension Trusts) without a permanent establishment in Japan in transfer accounts at a JGB Book-Entry System Participant in Japan (JBESP (>>>)) or a Qualified Foreign Intermediary (QFI) are exempt from income tax, provided that certain requirements have been met.

Fig. 2-28 Overview of Tax Exemption Scheme for Nonresident Individuals and Foreign Corporations



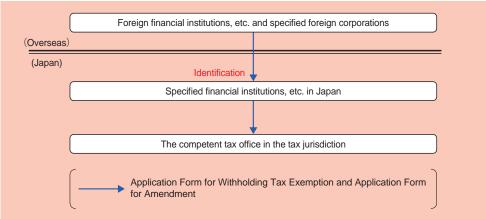
B. Corporation Tax

The corporation tax does not apply to interest, etc. on JGBs held by foreign corporations without a permanent establishment in Japan in transfer accounts at a QFI, etc.

C. Bond Gensaki Transactions and Securities Lending Transactions

Interest, etc. that foreign financial institutions, etc. ((()) receive from specified financial institutions, etc. ((()) in Japan on their Bond *Gensaki* Transactions or Securities Lending Transactions and that those specified foreign corporations ((()) receive from specified financial institutions in Japan on their Bond *Gensaki* Transactions are exempt from tax, provided that certain requirements are met.

Fig. 2-29 Overview of Tax Exemption Scheme for Nonresident Individuals and Foreign Corporations (Bond *Gensaki* Transactions)



Financial institutions or financial instruments firms in Japan acting as account management institutions for JGBs.

- Foreign financial institutions, etc. are foreign corporations that operate banking business, financial instruments business or insurance business, foreign clearing institutions, foreign central banks and international organizations.
- → ② Specified financial institutions, etc. are financial institutions and financial instruments firms, etc. that are subject to the "Act on Collective Liquidation of Specified Transaction Conducted by Financial Institutions, etc.," financial instruments transaction clearing institutions (clearing institutions in Japan) and the Bank of Japan.
- Specified foreign corporations are foreign corporations other than foreign financial institutions, etc. (However, they exclude foreign corporations in countries or regions that have no tax treaties with Japan and foreign affiliated persons. Foreign affiliated persons are those who directly or indirectly owned 50% or greater stakes by specified financial institutions, etc. or those who effectively controlled by specified financial institutions, etc.)

 \prod

Fig. 2-30 Recent Tax-Related Initiatives

Fig. 2-30 Recent Tax-Related Initiatives			
Fiscal Year	Tax Reform (Main Points)		
	· Application of tax exemption to interest on coupon-bearing JGBs held by nonresident individuals or foreign		
FY1999	corporations which are directly deposited in transfer accounts at JBESPs.		
	• Exemption from tax for redemption profits arising from TBs/FBs (which are now collectively called "T-bills")		
	held by foreign corporations which are directly deposited in transfer accounts at JBESPs.		
FY2000	 Application of tax exemption for the accrued interest on JGBs that need to be paid back to the national treasury when the JGBs have been reopened (i.e. additional issuance of the existing JGBs). 		
FY2001	 Expansion of the tax exemption to cover interest on coupon-bearing JGBs held by nonresident individuals or foreign corporations in transfer accounts with QFIs. 		
FY2002	 Expansion of the tax exemption to cover the interest on JGBs held by non-juridical foreign investment trusts, provided that the investment trusts are publicly offered and are not offered in Japan. Application of tax exemption, under certain conditions, to interest generated from Bond <i>Gensaki</i> Transactions involving JGBs, which is received by foreign financial institutions (till March 31, 2004). Introduction of STRIPS related tax systems in light of the limitation that only corporations can hold principal-only book-entry transfer JGBs and coupon-only book-entry transfer JGBs. Adoption of the necessary tax related measures in conjunction with the transition to the new JGB book-entry transfer system. 		
FY2003	· Application of withholding tax exemption to the interest on coupon-bearing JGBs held by non-financial		
	domestic companies capitalized at 100 million yen or more.		
	 Application of withholding tax exemption to the interest on coupon-bearing JGBs held by the Japan Government Bond Clearing Corporation. 		
	· Expansion of tax exemption to cover redemption profits arising from TBs/FBs (which are now collectively		
FY2004	called "T-bills") held in transfer accounts with QFIs by foreign corporations.		
	• Extension of the applicable period of tax exemption on interest generated from Bond <i>Gensaki</i> Transactions which is received by foreign financial institutions by 2 years (till March 31, 2006).		
	Expansion of eligible holders of Inflation-Indexed bonds to include foreign juridical persons, provided that they		
FY2005	are not subject to income tax on interest income.		
	 Relaxation/Simplification of the various procedural requirements to apply for beneficial tax treatment schemes related to JGBs held by nonresident individuals or foreign corporations, including: (i) simplification of the procedure required for notification from QFIs to JBESPs when the nonresident individuals or foreign corporations hold the JGBs in transfer accounts with QFIs and (ii) simplification of the procedures required 		
	for application of tax exemption concerning the interest on coupon-bearing JGBs to those who have tax exemption concerning TBs/FBs (which are now collectively called "T-bills") under certain conditions.		
FY2006	• Extension of the applicable period of tax exemption on interest generated from Bond <i>Gensaki</i> Transactions which is received by foreign financial institutions by 2 years (till March 31, 2008).		
FY2008	 Tax exemption on interest generated from Bond Gensaki Transactions which is received by foreign financial institutions becomes a permanent measure. 		
FY2010	 The book prepared for each investor by JBESPs upon receiving notice from QFIs can be omitted under certain conditions. Expansion of the scope of the Qualified Foreign Securities Investment Trusts. 		
	· Procedures for applying tax-exemption measures on interest of book-entry transfer JGBs to Foreign		
FY2011	Pension Trusts, partnerships and Trusts Taxable on Beneficiaries were refined. • With respect to the Securities Lending Transactions using JGBs, tax exemption measures were applied on the interest, etc. received by foreign financial institutions, etc. as in the case of Bond Gensaki Transactions.		
FY2012	 Submission, etc. of Application Form for Withholding Tax Exemption on interest, etc. of book-entry transfer JGBs pertaining to the trust property of Trusts Taxable on Beneficiaries were made possible to be performed by the trustees of the relevant trust. 		
FY2013	 After January 2016, the taxation system for public and corporate bonds was changed to separate self- assessment taxation. Moreover, the extent of profit-loss offsetting for financial products was expanded to public and corporate bonds (integration of financial income taxes). 		
FY2014	 Regarding the integration of financial income taxes to be implemented in January 2016, the scope of discount bills has been revised. 		
FY2017	 Expansion of tax exemption to cover interest, etc. generated from Bond Gensaki Transactions using JGBs which is received by specified foreign corporations (till March 31, 2019). 		
EV2040	· Extension of the applicable period of tax exemption on interest, etc. generated from Bond Gensaki		
FY2019	Transactions using JGBs which is received by specified foreign corporations by 2 years (till March 31, 2021).		
FY2021	 Extension of the applicable period of tax exemption on interest, etc. generated from Bond Gensaki Transactions using JGBs which is received by specified foreign corporations by 2 years (till March 31, 2023). Allowing an Application Form for Withholding Tax Exemption, etc. for special taxation measures for interest on book-entry transfer JGBs involving cross-border transactions to be filed electronically. 		
FY2023	• Extension of the applicable period of tax exemption on interest, etc. generated from Bond <i>Gensaki</i> Transactions using JGBs which is received by specified foreign corporations by 3 years (till March 31, 2026).		