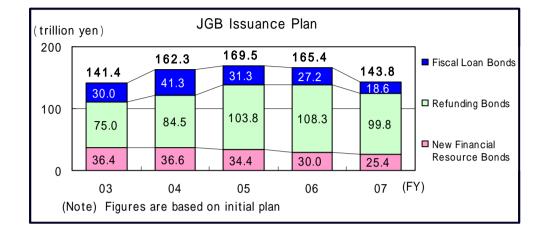
# Highlights of JGB Issuance Plan 2007

## The Largest Issuance Reduction Ever

- <u>FY2007 new financial resource bond issuance is cut by ¥4.5</u> <u>trillion from FY2006 level. This reduction is the largest-ever.</u>
- JGB total issuance --including refunding and fiscal loan bonds-- falls by ¥21.6 trillion to ¥143.8 trillion, which is also the largest-ever reduction.
  - FY2007 JGB total issuance will be the lowest in the last 4 years since FY2003.
  - JGB Market Issuance (Calendar Base) is reduced by ¥8.4 trillion from FY2006 initial plan to ¥109.6 trillion.

## Meeting the Market Needs

- Product-by-product distribution is determined on the basis of market needs and trends.
  - > 15-year floating-rate bonds and TBs(6-month)\* are reduced.
    - \* TBs(6-month) are to be replaced with FBs(6-month), thereby reducing FBs(3-month).
  - ➢ <u>30-year bonds and 10-year inflation-indexed bonds are increased</u> reflecting the change of the JGB Issuance Plan during FY2006.
- O To cater to market demands better:
  - 40-year ultra-long JGBs and other new maturity bonds may be issued on market demands with terms that the MOF considers fair.
  - JGB market issuance may be revised from time to time in response to changes in market conditions.



## Progress in Debt Management

• <u>Future refinancing needs</u> are now distributed more evenly by diversifying and lengthening JGB maturities.

The average maturity of JGB market issuance 2007 (Calendar Base) is lengthened to 7.0 years, which is 2 months longer than that of FY2006.

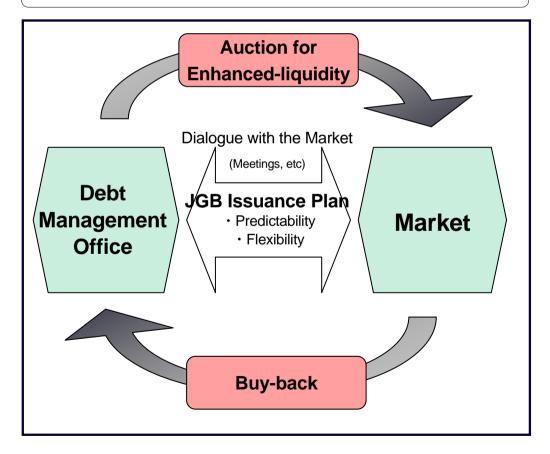
- All of the FY2005 surplus, ¥900.9 billion, is used for the JGB buy-back to <u>curb the increase of outstanding debt.</u>
- <u>Cash management of the National Treasury</u> is to be enhanced by diversifying FBs' maturities.
- <u>**Risk management capabilities</u>** are to be improved further with the introduction of new tools including swaptions.</u>
- Risks are to be handled more properly with the increased <u>limit for the interest rate swap transactions</u>; from ¥1.2 trillion per year to ¥1.8 trillion per year (on notional principal basis).

## Enhanced Market Liquidity

 Auctions for Enhanced-Liquidity (¥100 billion/month)\* and Buy-Backs (¥150 billion/month) will be continued to help enhance market liquidity.

\* The auctions for enhanced-liquidity are tentatively planned for the first half of FY2007.

 <u>Reopening of 30-year bonds and 10-year JGBi is to become a</u> <u>general rule</u>, which would enhance the market liquidity for these products further.



#### Dialogue with the Market

- The auction result announcements have been brought forward since December 2006.
- <u>The MOF Website</u> will be renewed for easier access, and the MOF direct data feeding to information vendors expected to start soon.
- Membership to the Meetings of JGB Investors and the Advisory Council on Government Debt Management enlarged to welcome more non-Japanese input.

#### Broadening JGB Investor Base

- In order to make JGBs more accessible for households, <u>JGB</u> <u>Over-The-Counter Sales system</u> will be overhauled and expanded to become available for all domestic financial institutions.
- <u>3 major JGB IR Tours are planned for 2007</u>: Europe--February -March; North America--June; and Asia Pacific--October. Additional investor visits may also be planned.

#### Others

- Commissions on JGBs are completely overhauled and to be cut drastically but in a phased manner. Commissions are to be cut by more than ¥10 billion in FY2007 and more than ¥60 billion by FY2009.
- Internship program for local government officials in charge of municipal bond issuance is to be introduced with a view to overall bond market development.